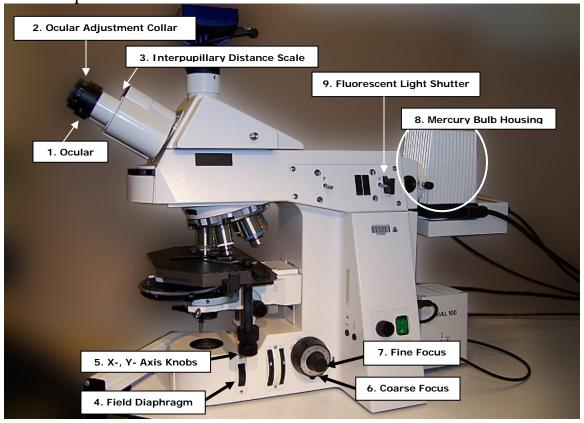
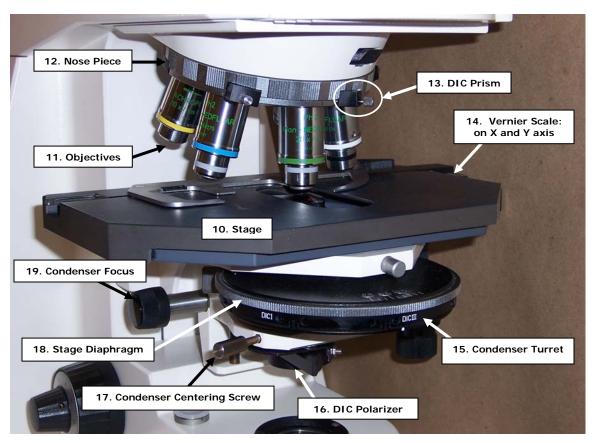
Basic Microscopy Module

Microscope Parts and Functions





- 1. Ocular: Eyepiece that magnifies the image of the specimen
- 2. Ocular Adjustment Collar: Movable ring in ocular used to focus each ocular
- 3. Interpupillary Distance Scale: Scale that measures the distance between the oculars
- 4. **Field Diaphragm:** Iris diaphragm in the base of the microscope that controls how much light is projected toward the stage.
- 5. X- and Y-axis Knobs: Adjusts the position of the stage in both the horizontal and vertical direction
- 6. Coarse Focus: Quickly adjusts the stage height for approximate focus
- 7. Fine Focus: Slowly adjusts the stage height for more exact focus than coarse adjustment
- 8. Mercury Bulb Housing: Houses the bulb used to illuminate fluorescent stains
- 9. Fluorescent Light Shutter: Opens and closes the path for the light from the mercury bulb housing
- 10. Stage: Surface that holds the slide securely for viewing
- 11. **Objectives:** Lenses immediately above the stage that magnify the specimen at 20x, 40x, and 100x magnification
- 12. Nose Piece: Holds two or more objective lenses and can be rotated to easily change magnification
- 13. **DIC Prism:** Helps produce contrast between different shapes in the specimen
- 14. **Vernier Scale:** Ruled scales on the stage used to determine the exact location (x and y coordinates) of an object on a slide
- 15. **Condenser Turret:** Selects the correct position of the polarizing ring for brightfield illumination and differential interference contrast (DIC)
- 16. **DIC Polarizer:** Works with the DIC prism to produce contrast
- 17. Condenser Centering Screws: Adjusts the horizontal placement of the condenser
- 18. Stage Diaphragm: Controls the amount of light reaching the condenser
- 19. Condenser Focus: Adjusts the height of the condenser